Burd

moving the tip relative to the tubular body to achieve the desired configuration between the tip and the tubular body.

halting the exposure of the select external stimulus to the tubular body whereby the tubular body returns to its original size; and

implanting the catheter in the patient.

Claim 55 (Once Amended). A method of manufacturing and implanting a catheter of customized configuration comprising the steps of:

- a) forming a first tubular portion of a relatively impermeable material, the first tubular portion formed having a lumen with a diameter;
- b) forming second tubular portion of a porous material;
- c) partially disposing the second tubular portion within the lumen;
- d) adjusting the length of the second fubular portion to conform to the dimensions of a selected site in an hippocampus or lateral ventricle of an individual patient; [and]
- e) establishing a near zero tolerance fit between the overlap of the second tubular portion and the first tubular portion; and
- f) implanting the catheter for delivery of a therapeutic agent to the hippocampus or lateral ventricle.

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65. (New) The method of claim 55 further comprising delivering a therapeutic agent with the catheter to treat Alzheimer's disease.

## **REMARKS**

## 1. Drawings

The drawings were objected to under 37 C.F.R. 1.83(a) because they failed to show element 11 (lateral ventricle). A marked up copy of figures 2A and 2B showing lateral ventricle 11 is attached for the Examiner's consideration.

With respect to hippocampus 18, figures 1, 3, 4 and 8 show the surface of the brain with a cut-away view of hippocampus 18. The shape illustrates the cut-away portion, the far surface of which is the hippocampus. The shape does not correspond to the shape of the hippocampus.